



Mianyang Weibo Electronic Co.,Ltd

*Designing, Manufacturing and Supplying WB Series Electric Isolated Sensor and Digital
Electrical Transducer since 1989*

USER MANUAL

WBI414F23 AC current transducer

(Two Wire System)

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ISO9001 ISO14000 ISO18000

Certified

WBI414F23 AC Current Transducer

Safety claim

The information in the safety claim of the equipment documentation is intended to ensure that equipment is properly installed in order to maintain it in a condition.

It is assumed that everyone who would be associated with the equipment should be familiar with the contents of that safety section, or this safety guide.

When electrical equipment is in operation, dangerous voltages will be present in certain parts of the equipment (e.g. the input terminal). Failure to observe warning notices, incorrect use, or improper use may endanger personnel and equipment and cause personal injury or physical damage.

Before working in the terminal strip area, the equipment must be isolated.

Proper and safe operation of the equipment depends on appropriate shipping and handling, proper storage, installation and commissioning, and on careful operation, maintenance and servicing.

The operating manual for the equipment gives instructions for its installation, commissioning, and operation. However, the manual cannot cover all conceivable circumstances or include detailed information on all topics. In the event of questions or specific problem, do not take any action without proper authorization. Contact the appropriate WB technical sales office and request the necessary information.

Standard application

1. Accuracy

Accurate degree is conformed to IEC688:1992

2. Safety

2.1 Overload capability

Overload capability is conformed to IEC688:1992

2.2 Isolation voltage

Can be endured testing voltage is conformed to Q/72085584-0.1-2004

2.3 Insulation impedance

The insulation impedance is no less than 20M Ohm, is conformed to Q/72085584-0.1-2004

3. Electromagnetic Capability

3.1 Electromagnetic field immunity test according to IEC 61000-4-3:1995

3.2 Power frequency magnetic field immunity test according to IEC 61000-4-8:1993

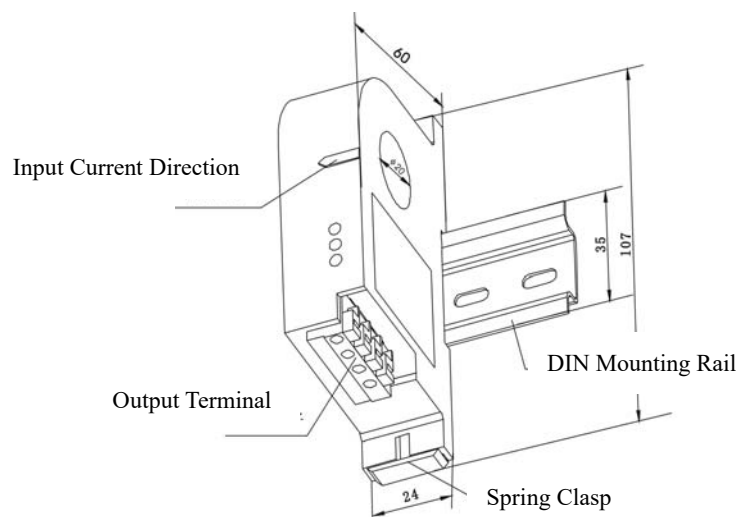
Product Description and Application

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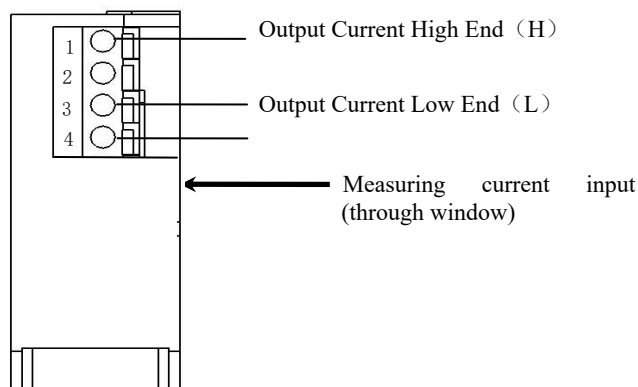
WBI414F23 converts AC input current into output signal DC 4-20mA. It has adopted electromagnetic isolation principle for real time measurement of AC current from electric net or electric circuit.

The product has certain advantages of total galvanic isolation between input/output, high accuracy, low drifting by temperature, and wide temperature bearable range, etc.

Product Dimensional Drawing (unit: mm)



Product Terminal Identification Drawing



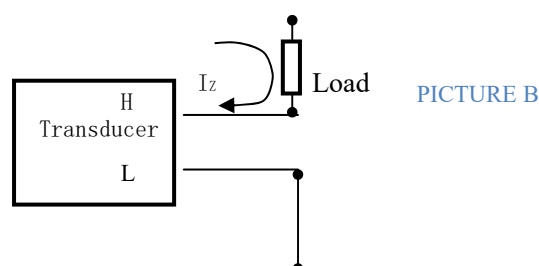
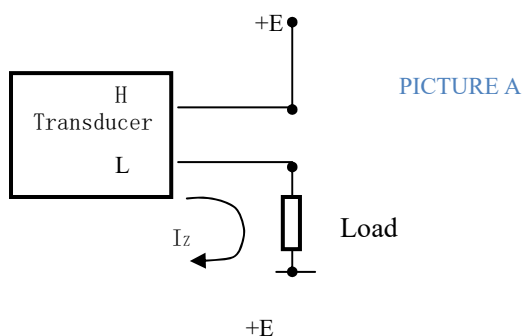
Non-identified terminals cannot be used

Key Technical Data:

1. Input: AC 0~30A...0~400A;
2. Output: DC 4-20mA
3. Frequency range: 25Hz~5kHz
4. Accuracy : 0.5%
5. Input Impedance (R): approximate zero
6. Linear Range:0-120% of nominal input
7. Responding Time: 300ms
8. Over Load Capacity: 30 times of nominal input, for 5 seconds;
9. Output impedance: 6V
10. Static current: 3.3mA(0mA-20mA)
6.8mA(4mA-20mA)
11. Auxiliary Power: DC +12V/+24V
12. Isolation Voltage(Input/Output): $\geq 2500\text{Vdc}$, for 1 minute
13. Output Ripple: $< 6\text{mV}$
14. Drifting by Temperature: $3.5 \times 10^{-4}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
15. Ambient Temperature: $-10^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +50^{\circ}\text{C}$
16. Mounting : DIN Rail 35mm Mounting or screw mounting

Instruction of Installation and Use

1. The product has adopted structure compliance with EN50022; suitable for DIN rail mounting NS35/7.5, NS35/15. Installation steps are as following (please reference to dimensional drawing):
 - Step 1: Immobilize one side of product's mounting trough to the DIN mounting rail;
 - Step 2: Pull out the spring clasp;
 - Step 3: Place whole mounting trough to the DIN mounting rail properly;
 - Step 4: Release spring clasp to make sure the installation.
2. The product has calibrated before out of factory. After correctly wiring, it can be powered and used immediately. But for further precise signal sampling, user needs to warm-up the product for 3 minutes before use.
 - a) The auxiliary power requires isolation voltage $\geq 2000\text{V}_{\text{AC}}$, DC current output ripple $< 10\text{mV}$, and multiple converters can share with one set auxiliary power together.
 - b) Output signal (I_z) is designed to follow the impedance load value of 250Ω ; When Resistance (R_1) is less than 100Ω , the user must add output current circuit a power reduced resistance load R_0 to keep the summation of total impedance value is between $100\Omega \sim 250\Omega$;
 - c) The two wire system ac current transducer either allows connecting the load from user in common ground way or connecting the user load in common power supply way.



3. The Maximum volume of line for the transducer terminal is 2.5mm^2 ; the insulation layer of the line should be peeled off about $8\text{mm}\sim 10\text{mm}$ and tightly twisted to connect with the transducer terminals.
4. For the less than 10A AC current measurement, it may adopt ampere-turn method for input and for this time, the resolution of the transducer increases and measuring range narrows, but other technical index may not be affected.
5. Basic testing method for accuracy

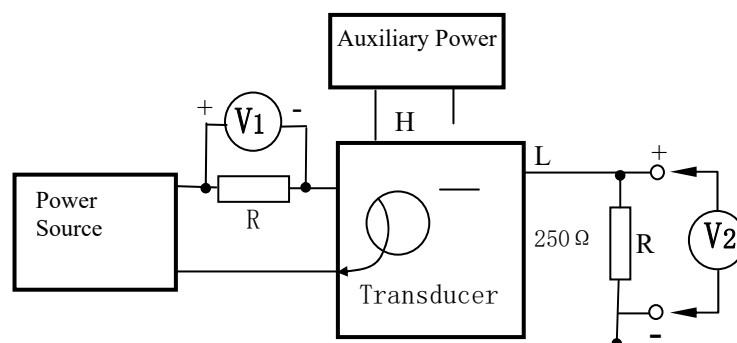
- (1) According to the terminal definition table to connect the testing circuit;
- (2) The testing must to be done by under the following conditions;

Auxiliary power: $24\text{V} \pm 0.5\%$, ripple $\leq 5\text{mV}$

Ambient temperature: $25^\circ\text{C} \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$

Relative humidity: RH(45~75)%

Accuracy for Signal Power Source instrument: 0.05



- (3) Warming up the transducer for 3 minutes
- (4) Using output monitoring meter V1 to measuring the output of signal power source instrument, set any input value which is within the measuring range of the transducer I_r . (e.g. if input value is 50A, the output is 4-20mA, the expected output value I_z should be calculated as: $I_z = (20\text{mA} - 4\text{mA}) \times I_r / 50\text{A} + 4\text{mA}$)
- (5) Using output monitoring meter V2 to measuring the output voltage V_0 of the transducer, the basic introduced error γ of the transducer should be calculated as:
- $$\gamma = (V_0 - I_z \times 250 \Omega) / [(20\text{mA} - 4\text{mA}) \times 250 \Omega] \times 100$$
- (6) Repeating step (4) (5), if calculated absolute value is less than the given accuracy value of the transducer, it shows the transducer's accurate grade is qualified.

Caution:

1. Pay attention to the auxiliary power information, especially the auxiliary power grade, and polarity, other wise will damage the product.
2. Pay attention to the wire connection; wrong terminal connection will cause malfunction of the product and even damage the product;
3. Don't dismantle the product, and carry with care to avoiding bump and fall of the product;
4. If the product has been using under the environment with strong magnetic field interference, please pay attention to the shield of input wire, and the output signal wire should be as short as possible. For product intensive installation, the space between each product should not be smaller than 10mm.
5. Only use identified terminals.
6. There is no lightning strike prevention circuit design in this product. For out door and hazardous environment using, please add protective alternatives.
7. This product uses fire prevent ABS crust, its temperature withstand is only limited as +85°C, higher than this limitation will cause the product deformation. Please use and store carefully.

Product Input-Output characteristic curve

